International Symposium MIKROTÖNE ~ MICROTONES. SMALL IS BEAUTIFUL 2023. June 28th – July 2nd 2023. Mozarteum University Salzburg -- Sacellum, University Salzburg (Austria)

mozarteum university 🖨

SACELLUM

Hans-Gunter Lock

Estonian Academy of Music and Theatre Estonian Academy of Arts Estonian Arnold Schönberg Society

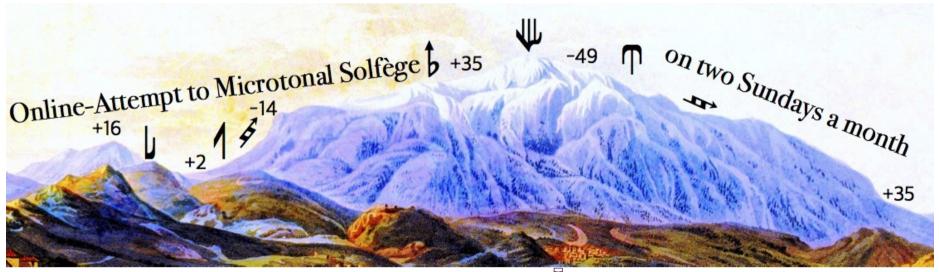
together with:

Leonora Palu Juhani Nuorvala ESTONIAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC AND THEATRE





Practical Experiences in Composing and Performing with 22 Equal Division of the Octave



Supported by:



Hans-Gunter Lock – õppejõu loometegevuse toetamise stipendium

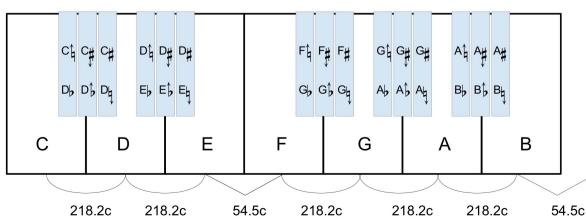
- contains 22 steps within the octave (22-<u>E</u>qual <u>D</u>ivision of the <u>O</u>ctave)

- the smallest step is 54.5 cents, roughly a quarter tone (100 cents = 1 semitone)

- in contrast to Western classical tuning systems it differentiates between a lesser and greater semitone (doesn't temper out the Syntonic comma $81/80 \approx 21.5$ cents, but widen it to 54.5 cents)

- appears a 7-step diatonic subscale named Superpyth[7] containing greater whole tones and instead of semitones there are quarter tones steps

- numerous other subscales are possible, e.g. Porcupine[7] and [8], Orwell[9], Pajara[10], but also the ancient greek enharmonic tetrachord is fairly good represented



- contains also subscales of 11-EDO, e.g. Machine[6], Orgone[7]

Figure 1. Hypothetical keyboard based on Superpyth[7] scale at the White keys.

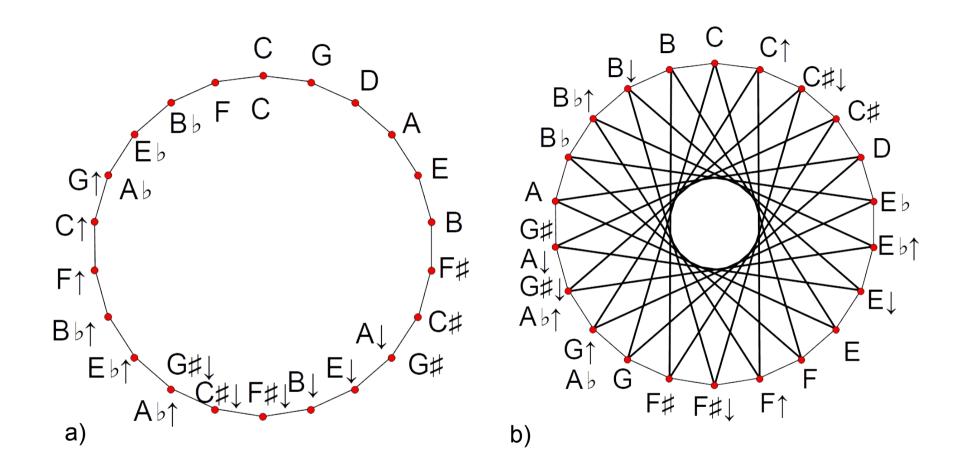


Figure 2. 22-EDO up/down notation, a) circle of fifth, b) pitches in "chromatic" order (Source: wikipedia.org). Accidental spelling: +1 step = arrow up, +2 steps = sharp arrow down, +3 steps = sharp; -1 step = arrow down, -2 steps = flat arrow up, -3 steps = flat.



Figure 3. Up/down notation with enharmonic equivalents.

- for practicing a solution with two stacked Korg Microkey 61 keyboard have been used, mimicking the hypothetical Superpyth[7] keyboard

Thank you Juhani Nuorvala for this idea!



Figure 4. Two KORG Microkey 61 keyboads for 22-EDO. The basic Superpyth[7] scale is mapped to the white keys of the lower keyboard.

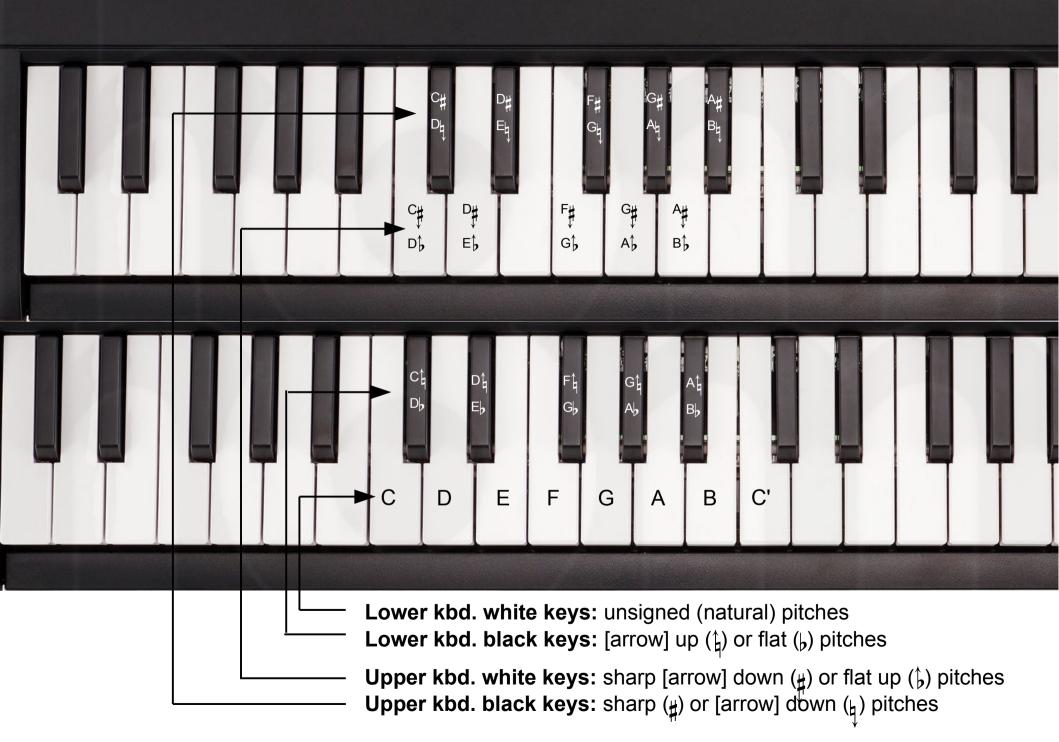


Figure 5. Close view to the two KORG Microkey 61 keyboads. Mapping explained.

nr./ pitch class	interval name	abbr.
0	unison	unis.
1	quarter tone	1/4T
2	semitone	ST
3	lesser wholetone	WT-
4	greater wholetone	WT+
5	septimal minor third	7Min3
6	greater minor third	Min3+
7	major third	Maj3
8	septimal major third	7Maj3
9	pure fourth	P4
10	lesser undecimal tritone	11L_Trit
11	(12-EDO) tritone	Trit
12	greater undecimal tritone	11G_Trit
13	slightly wider pure fifth	P5
14	septimal minor sixth	7Min6
15	minor sixth	Min6
16	lesser major sixth	Maj6-
17	septimal major sixth	7Maj6
18	septimal minor seventh	7Min7
19	greater minor seventh	Min7+
20	major seventh	Maj7
21	major seventh plus quarter tone	Maj7+1/4T
22	pure octave	P8

Figure 6. 22-EDO interval names as used for Gradus ad Parnassum

2. Pärnu Contemporary Music Days (PNP)

- yearly in January, a contemporary music festival in Pärnu (South-Western Estonia)

- founded by Estonian composer Andrus Kallastu, organized since 1998 by Estonian Arnold Schönberg Society (www.schoenberg.ee)

T



2. Pärnu Contemporary Music Days (PNP)

- contains a weeklong workshop and a two-day symposium

- the goal is to bring new knowledge for contemporary composers to Estonia

- different topics focused over the years: e.g. futurism, performativity, composition models



AADE LAANEST.

R

H

END

EATER

- during 2020 plans for PNP2021 with the topic of microtonality

- decision to focus on 22-EDO, speakers from the US has been invited

- due to the global pandemic the the workshop and conference had to go completely online

- has led to an online singing training in 22-EDO

Goals: - learning to sing in an unfamiliar scale with unfamiliar intervals

- training for to understand 22-EDO for composers rather than for professional singing training

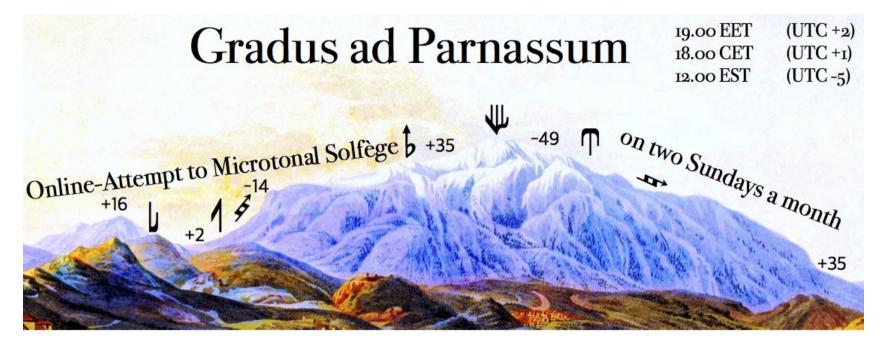
- finding ways to discover the special compositional properties of 22-EDO specially in terms of voice leading

- use of a synthesizer for training by repeatedly listening and singing along with the synthesizer

GRADUS PARNASSUM, Sive MANUDUCTIO A D COMPOSITIONEM MUSICÆ REGULAREM, Methodo novâ, ac certâ, nondum antè tam exacto ordine in lucem edita : Elaborata à JOANNE JOSEPHO FUX, Sacræ Cæfareæ, ac Regiæ Catholicæ Majestatis CAROLI VI. Romanorum Imperatoris SUPREMO CHORI PRÆFECTO. くましょうごうごうけうけんもくしんもくもくもくもくももももももももも VIENNÆ AUSTRIÆ,

Typis Joannis Petri Van Ghelen, Sac. Cæf. Regiæque Catholicæ Majestatis Aulæ-Typographi, 1725. - the aspect of counterpoint and voice leading guides us to a similar historical composition teaching approach by Johann Joseph Fux' textbook

Gradus ad Parnassum (1725), from which we leant the title of our workshop training program



- after Gradus ad Parnassum during PNP2021 (January) we decided to continue with 22-EDO microtonal online singing course under the same name as an international online solfège learning circle, organized by Estonian Arnold Schönberg Society

- every second Sunday and evening time, that also people from US East Cost could participate at a day time

https://www.schoenberg.ee/?sitesig=SB&page=SB_030_Tegevus&subpage=2021_Gradus_ad_Parnassum

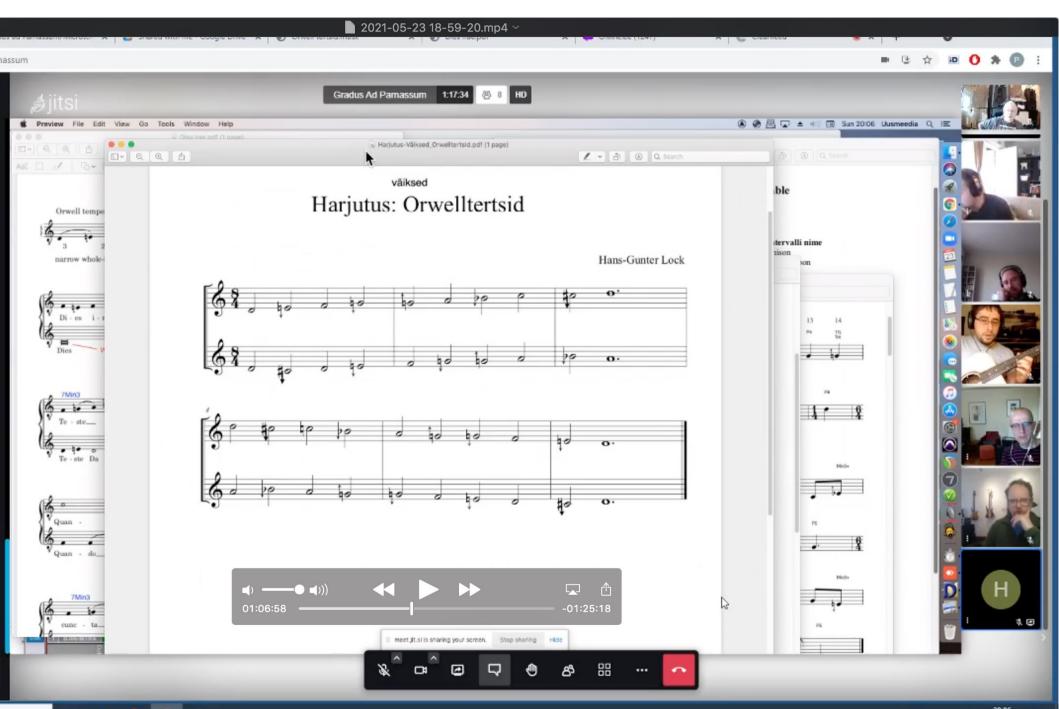
- it took place three terms: Spring 2021, Autumn 2021 and Spring 2022

- technically every meeting we came together first in Jitsi video conference application, where we also shared musical notations. Then we used in parallel Cleanfeed audio online application for low latency and uninterrupted audio connection

- additionally we shared the audio material, theoretical explanations and music notation via google drive: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1Y3HNijw4chz46uiV0Ei4i_38IGoWuE8v

- the theoretical material (explanations, scales, online synthesizer links), the exercises and little pieces of Spring 2021 term has been issued as online book Codex Paernuensis Vol. I https://www.schoenberg.ee/SB_050_Publikatsioonid/Codex_Paernuensis_Vol_I.pdf

- issuing of Vol. II and III are in preparation
- Composers who contributed exercises or shorter vocal pieces: Jacob Barton, Sebastian Dumitresco, Andrus Kallastu, Gerhard Lock, Hans-Gunter Lock, Joseph Monzo and Juhani Nuorvala

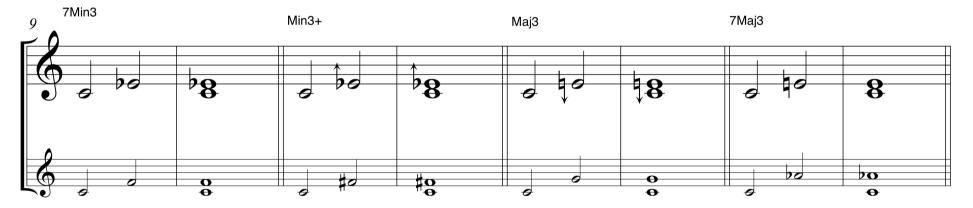


H 🗔 🌖 🌀 🚱

22-EDO Interval Exercise

Figure 7. Gradus ad Parnassum's Interval Exercise





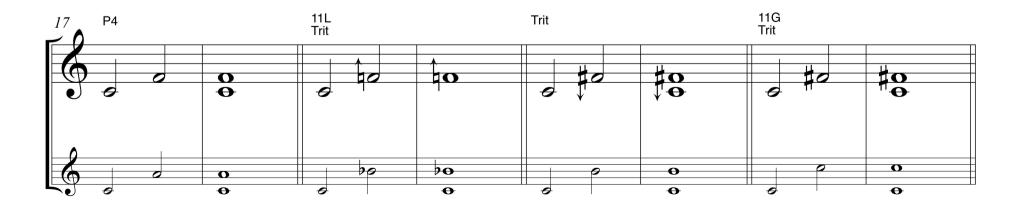
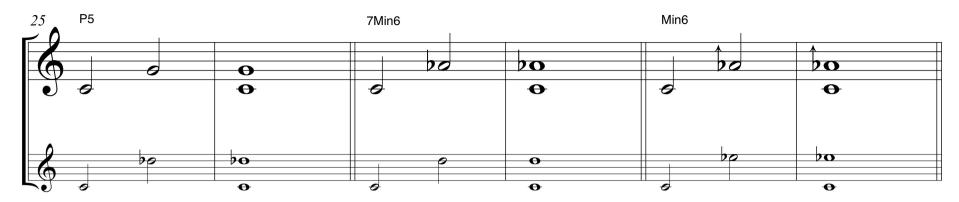
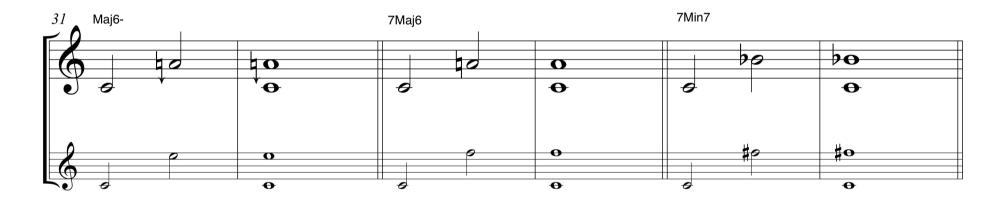
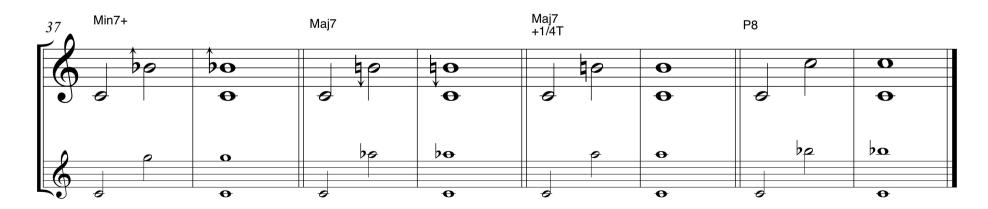


Figure 7. continuing: Gradus ad Parnassum's Interval Exercise







Results

- Gradus ad Parnassum gave the ability to meet for musically professional and semiprofessional trained people with very special interest in singing and understanding the 22-EDO system

- the online format brought musicians together, which physically wouldn't have had the chance to meet so many times together

- it gave the challenge for composers to create exercises and shorter vocal pieces which could immediately tested and tried out

- disadvantages:

- technically complicated to realize, it has been possible thanks to EKA New Media Department's Sound Studio

- the delay allows only slow or very slow tempo, which was not a problem in this training situation, but limits the musical expressions and possibility. Under very long delay conditions (bad internet connection, far location as US West Coast) partly it became nearly impossible

Call for Scores in 22-EDO

Deadline: January 3, 2023

Concert to be played: 27.1.2023 and 28.1.2023 at 19.00 Pärnu Central Library (Pärnu, Estonia), 29.1.2023 at 19.00 Estonian Centre of Contemporary Music (Tallinn, Estonia)

New piece or existing piece arranged for the following instruments: flute / alto flute - Leonora Palu guitar - Gonzalo Muruaga double bass - Lass Kari

Possible lineup: Trio - all three instruments Duos from the aforementioned instruments Solo pieces for one of the aforementioned instruments

Detailed information: https://www.schoenberg.ee/?sitesig=SB&page=SB_020_Uudised&subpage=221204_PNP_2023_CALL_FOR_SCORES

Call for Simple Scores in 22-EDO

Deadline: January 21, 2023 22vjo töötoa teosed | 22edo works for workshop

Concert to be played: 28.1.2023 at 19.00 Pärnu Central Library (Pärnu, Estonia), 29.1.2023 at 19.00 Estonian Centre of Contemporary Music (Tallinn, Estonia)

From February 21.-26. the PNP2023 workshop will take place focusing on composing and performing in 22-EDO. At this workshop we will compose and rehearse pieces in 22-EDO as much as it will be possible in that short time. We are all composers and the most of us not regular practicing performers with limited technical skills, and time is very limited. Therefore we will now call for simple scores (new, existing, arranged existing) we can try out during the workshop and maybe perform at the concert on January 28th. Due to time and technical restrictions we cannot guarantee that your piece will be performed. ...

Lineup: Andrus Kallastu — keyboard, voice Gerhard Lock — violin, voice (tenor/baritone) Hans-Gunter Lock — violin, voice (tenor/baritone) Leonora Palu — flute, alto flute James Robinson — violoncello Gonzalo Muruaga — 22edo classic guitar, 22-edo electric guitar Kristjan Kannukene — viola, voice (tenor) Matej Sloboda — voice (baritone) Joseph Monzo — voice (bass)

Detailed information:

https://www.schoenberg.ee/?sitesig=SB&page=SB_020_Uudised&subpage=230103_PNP_2023_CALL_FOR_SIMPLE_SCORES

Reede | Friday 27.1.2023 19.00 kontsert | concert. Pärnu Keskraamatukogu | Pärnu Central Library (Akadeemia 3, Pärnu) Pühapäev | Sunday 29.1.2023 19.00 kontsert | concert Eesti Nüüdismuusika Keskus | Estonian Centre of Contemporary Music (Pühavaimu 9, Tallinn)

22vjo muusika osa 1 | 22edo music part 1 KAVA | PROGRAM

Joseph Monzo: Threesome for trio Chase Jordan: Relingquished for trio with alto flute Neil Thornock: Stone for trio with alto flute Praveen S. Venkataramana: Five Presence Vignettes Vignette 1. There are no better or worse times for flute and guitar Vignette 2. There are no grim or amusing times for guitar and double bass Vignette 3. There are no past or imminent times for flute and double bass Vignette 4. There are no pointless times for trio Andrus Kallastu: 22vjo uurimus intervallides. Solo for alto flute Andrus Kallastu: 22vjo uurimus intervallides. Solo for guitar Hans-Gunter Lock: Enharmonic Fragement for flute and double bass Hans-Gunter Lock: Enharmonic Mirror Fragement for flute and double bass Jakob Elkin: Passacaglia for trio Andrus Kallastu: 22vjo uurimus intervallides. Trio for bass flute, guitar and double bass (2022) Hans Straub: Porcupine Scherzo for flute and guitar Juhani Nuorvala: Ostinato for trio Juhani Nuorvala: Porcupine's Night Out Joseph Monzo: Soft Latin for trio with alto flute and claves

Leonora Palu, flööt | flute Lassi Kari, kontrabass | double bass Gonzalo Muruaga, kitarr | guitar Hans-Gunter Lock, kontserdi kuraator | curator of the concert

Laupäev | Saturday 28.1.2023 at 19.00 Pärnu Keskraamatukogu | Pärnu Central Library (Akadeemia 3, Pärnu) Pühapäev | Sunday 29.1.2023 at 19.00 Eesti Nüüdismuusika Keskus | Estonian Centre of Contemporary Music (Pühavaimu 9, Tallinn)

22vjo muusika osa 2 | 22edo musicpart 2 KAVA | PROGRAM

Juhani Nuorvala: Solo for Flute (2022) Juhani Nuorvala: Organum (Hallelujah) (G. ad P.) [G. ad. P. = vocal pieces from Gradus ad Parnassum] Juhani Nuorvala: Dies irae (G. ad P.) Juhani Nuorvala: Enharmonic Organum (G. ad P.) Juhani Nuorvala: Study in Pajara (G. ad P.) Juhani Nuorvala: Porcupine Progression (G. ad P.) Joseph Monzo: Hedgehog[8] March (2021.1101) Joseph Monzo: Doublewide[10] Bossanova (2022.0117) Joseph Monzo: Bebop (2010.0912) Joseph Monzo: Hedgehog[14] Study (2021.1231) (G. ad P.) Joseph Monzo: Hedgehog[8] Chorale (2021.1118) (G. ad P.) Hans-Gunter Lock: O Magnum Mysterium for male choir (2022) (G. ad P.) Hans-Gunter Lock: Credo for male choir (2022) (G. ad P.) Ralph Lewis: Uneven as You Do Allen Wu: Lullaby Juhani Nuorvala: Pieni valssi Juuso Salonen: Buddha kuuna Gerhard Lock: Pajara Circle: Kites and Dart. Exercise No 1 (2022) Juhani Nuorvala: I 'homme armé Leonora Palu flööt | flute Gonzalo Muruaga 22vjo kitarr | 22edo guitar Matej Sloboda* hääl | voice Joseph Monzo** hääl | voice Andrus Kallastu hääl | voice, klahvpill | keyboard Gerhard Lock hääl | voice, viiul | violin Hans-Gunter Lock, vokaal | vocal, viiul | violin, kontserdi kuraator | curator of the concert James Robinson hääl | voice, tšello | cello Lassi Kari kontrabass | double bass

*participates in the framework of the project "Activities of the civic association "Ensemble Spectrum" in 2023", supp. by Slovak Arts Council **supported by Jonathan and Elizabeth Glasier (Glacier Music Consultants)

Video Snippets from the Concerts

Trio Project

- 1. Joseph Monzo. Threesome for Flute, Guitar and Double Bass
- 2. Jakob Elkin. Passacaglia for Flute, Guitar and Double Bass
- 3. Andrus Kallastu: 22vjo uurimus intervallides. Trio for bass flute, guitar and double bass
- 4. Hans Straub: Porcupine Scherzo for flute and guitar

Gradus ad Parnassum

- 5. Juhani Nuorvala. Enharmonic Organum
- 6. Juhani Nuorvala. Study in Pajara
- 7. Juhani Nuorvala. Porcupine Progression
- 8. Joe Monzo. Hedgehog[14] Study
- 9. Joe Monzo. Hedgehog[8] Chorale
- 10. Hans-Gunter Lock. O Magnum Mysterium (Porcupine and Superpyth)
- 11. Hans-Gunter Lock. Credo (Pajara)

Ensemble

- 12. Juuso Salonen. Buddha Kuuna for flute and strings
- 13. Praveen S. Venkataramana: A Little Serenade for flute, two violins and electric guitar

THANK YOU ANDRUS KALLASTU for the audio and video documention!

5.1 Guitars5.1.1 Two restringed guitars

(system created by Agustín Castilla-Ávila for PNP2022 festival)

- both guitars are restringed for a special *scordatura*
- the open strings are tuned in 54.5 cents steps, giving 12 pitches out of the 22
- the remaining pitches are accessible through the 6th fret (tritone) on each string

Agustín Castilla-Ávila --

Annatavindriya for alto flute and one guitarist on two guitars (2022) [snippet] First performance at PNP2022 festival

Leonora Palu – Alto Flute Agustín Castilla-Ávila – guitars

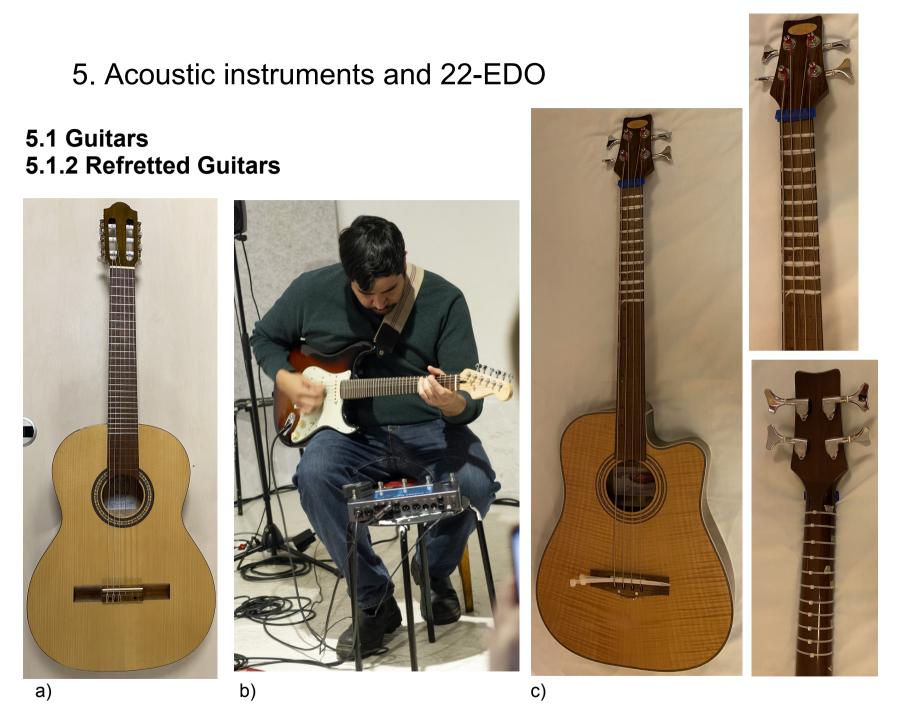


Figure 8. Refretted guitars. a) Hans-Gunter Lock's Thomann classic guitar refretted by Timo Tuhkanen (Finland), b) Gonzalo Muruaga Olguin with his electric 22-EDO guitar, neck refretted by Timo Tuhkanen c) a fretless acoustic bass guitar, experimental zip tie frets by Hans-Gunter Lock

5.1 Guitars 5.1.2 Refretted Guitars

- playing refretted guitars needs a certain amount of learning for the guitarist (left hand technique in conjunction with reading 22-EDO notation)
- Subscale exercises would be a good training material (work in progress)

1. Porcupine[7] over two octaves

Figure 9. Porcupine scales for 22-EDO guitar

Porcupine[7] 3333334

Porcupine definition: In 22-EDO we reach with three slightly wider minor thirds (Min3+) the same pitch as with two pure fourths (P4).

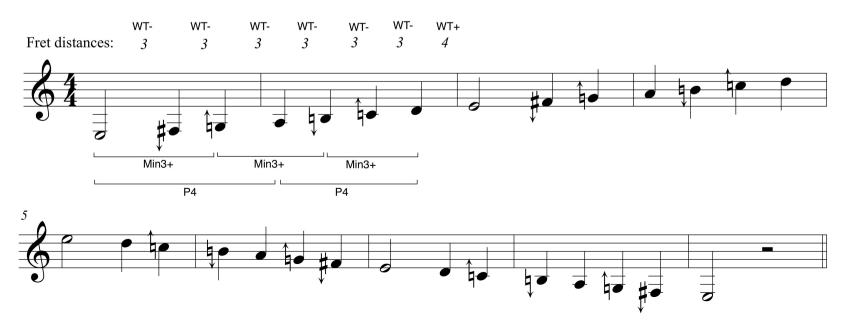




Figure 9. Porcupine scales for 22-EDO guitar

5.1 Guitars 5.1.2 Refretted Guitars







Figure 9. Porcupine scales for 22-EDO guitar

5.1 Guitars 5.1.2 Refretted Guitars





5.2 Bowed String Instruments

Players of bowed string instruments from the traditionally unfretted violin family need special 22-EDO intonation ear training exercises.

The exercises (still work in progress) have been issued for violin, viola, violoncello and double bass.

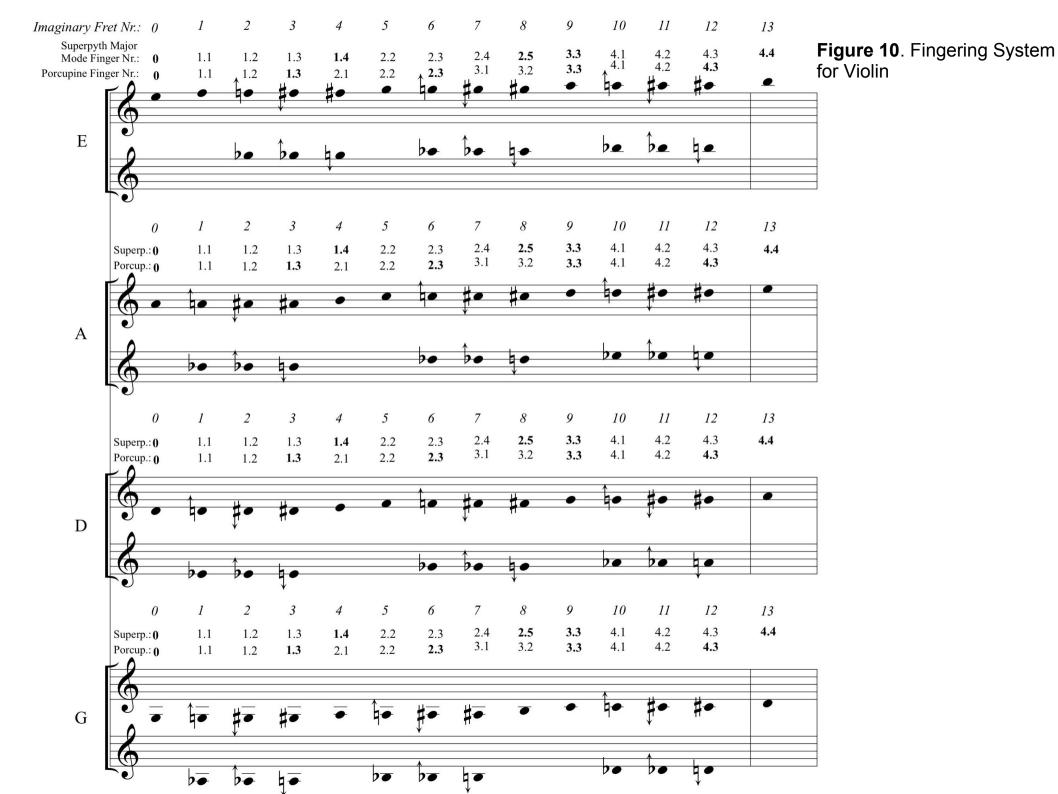
Also audio guide tracks are needed for listening and play-along. As the most flexible solution came out Reaper session with separate tracks for click, played pitch and open strings to be compared.

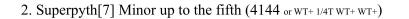
At the moment ready: Exercises Section A: Chromatic steps resting on a longer pitch related to the Superpyth[7] or Porcupine[7] scale

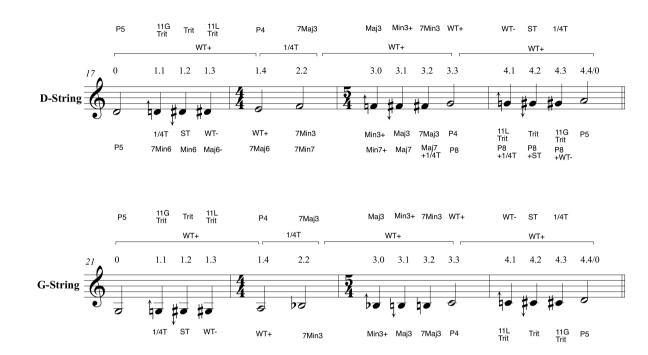
Future planes:

Exercises Section B: chromatically up and down, resting on a longer pitch related to the Superpyth[7] or Porcupine[7] scale

Exercises Section C: Would be like the fretted guitar exercise, i.e. Subscales like Superpyth[7], Porcupine[7], Orwell[9] and other MOS scales, but also enharmonic teatrachord scale







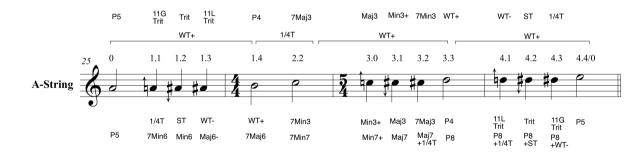
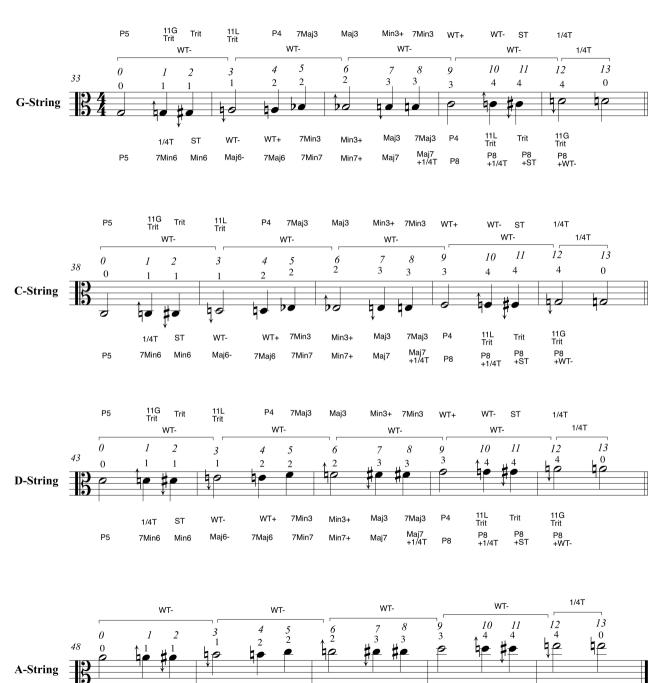




Figure 11. Superpyth[7] minor mode up the fifth exercise for violin

3. Porcupine[7] until an added fifth (3333[1] or WT- WT- WT- [1/4T])



WT+

7Maj6

ST

Min6

1/4T

7Min6

P5

WT-

Maj6-

7Min3

7Min7

Min3+

Min7+

11G Trit

P8

+WT-

11L Trit

P8

+1/4T

Trit

P8 +ST

P4

P8

7Mai3

Maj7 +1/4T

Maj3

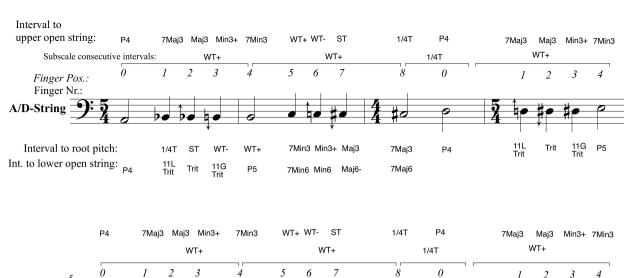
Maj7

Figure 12. Porcupine[7] up the added fifth exercise for viola

4. Porcupine[7] (3333334 or WT- WT- WT- WT- WT- WT+)

Figure 13. Porcupine[7] up the octave exercise for violoncello





10 10

7Min3 Min3+ Maj3

10

WT+

to

7Maj3

P4

1 2 3

20 20

11L Trit

4

10

P5

11G Trit

Trit

1

1/4T

10

ST WT-

5

0

E/A-String

1. Superpyth[7] Major up to the fifth (4414 or WT+ WT+ 1/4T WT+)

Figure 14. Superpyth[7] major mode exercise for double bass





5.3 Flute

The Estonian flutist Leonora Palu made a research for finding the fingerings for These 22-EDO pitches we use in Gradus and Parnussum and in the instrumental pieces

5.3 Flute

H.-G. Lock: Describe your research finding the flute fingerings for 22-EDO. What difficulties did you encounter?

L. Palu: Good news is, that it's possible to find and play 22-EDO scale on regular 12-tone flute. It was very interesting in the beginning (I started in the end of 2021) when you start to look your instrument with "new eyes" or through new "22-EDO classes". Its like to be archeologist. I couldn't invest to this research enough time, but during PNP 2022 in peaceful old school in Massiaru i was sitting in my room 3-4 days with my flute and tuner searching-experimenting-searching-experimenting. I found for each pitch one or more ways how to play. Few pitches can be played traditionally, some with special "false" fingerings (like fingerings for multiphonics), some fingerings are very special or so to say - tricky. I have to mention, that as well as for Quarter-tone music flute has possibilities to use differently instruments keys – you can close a whole key, or less if you press only the edge or closing only the half of the hole in the center of the key. Some pitches you can play only with changing mouthpiece position (if you turn the instrument toward yourself or the other direction. First one makes your note lower and second higher. I also marked for myself 3 degrees by both directions). For some pitches I had to use combination of special fingering+specific mouthpiece position. It took time, and every next day i found something new to add or to correct my earlier findings. During this process I was not yet conscious or even worried what will happen in the real world – when you have to start to use this findings to play actual 22-EDO music.

5.3 Flute

H.-G. Lock: How you have learned these fingerings?

L. Palu: I can describe my idea, how to learn, because I myself have learned so far only during discovery process and by playing new pieces. It is not difficult to play one or other fingering, but it is tricky to play them in the row. I must say that ideally first the flutist must practice the scale and try to remember all fingerings, also different possibilities, because by playing some written music you can choose between different fingerings (if there are). Very useful could be also some exercises for intervals and for different kind of technical aspects, which I have not developed yet.

H.-G. Lock: What was essential during practicing the newly composed 22-EDO pieces?

L. Palu: For beginners of course, it is better to start with slower pieces. Tempo is critical aspect at first for sure. Thats why Juhani's and Agustins pieces were good to begin with. Agustins "Annatavindriya" is for alto flute, in this case i must say, that Alto has less possibilities with fingerings, because this instrument does not have holes in keys like regular C or B flute. So I had more movings with mouthpiece.

5.3 Flute

H.-G. Lock: How did you learn the newly composed 22-EDO pieces? What difficulties did you have?

L. Palu: I learned most of them very slowly, bar by bar, note by note. And it took a lot of time. I must say, at first you need at least 10 times more time in comparison to 12-tone music, maybe 5 times more then quarter tone music. There are lots of difficulties. I mentioned already the need to practice scales in order to learn quicker. If this mountain is crossed, then you'll face sound problems, because some ways to play, some fingerings or some mouth positions produce quite hollow or quiet sound. Composer might not know that, so there can be sometimes come contradictions between composers ideas (about Dynamics etc.) and real possibilities.

H.-G. Lock: What is your conclusion? What would you recommend to composers who want to compose for 22-EDO flute?

L. Palu: It depends, who is the player, how experienced. It is always good to communicate with musician, to get info. Very important ist to find aesthetics that work for 22-EDO. It is not interesting from my opinion, when the neoclassical-like music is "translated"/"transformed" to 22-EDO. That is certain that player must practice like lunatic, BUT composer must feel and respect the instrument and think through why he/she uses 22-EDO and why with this or that instrument.

H.G. Lock: How did you come to 22-EDO and what do you particularly like about it?

J. Nuorvala: In 2016 or so, violinist Pasi Eerikäinen and pianist Emil Holmström asked if I'd write a piece for them, for violin and electronic keyboard, specifically in some microtonal tuning; they later commissioned it. I had seen the interest in 22-EDO in the microtonal community, and heard the music of Brendan Byrnes and Sevish, and I'd read Paul Erlich's paper on 22-equal. Previously I'd composed in Just Intonation, 31-EDO, 1/4-comma meantone etc., and I decided to write the new piece in 22-equal. I had already written two works that made use of the so-called Porcupine temperament: the music for a dance theater work for tenor sax and kantele, and a solo-piece for Carrillo piano. Both these works were in another tuning, 96-EDO, but Porcupine is very well supported by 22-EDO, and one of my favorite regular temperaments. (We sang many exercises and pieces in it in Gradus!).

Before the violin-keyboard piece (Sonata for Violin and Keyboard, my largest-scale chamber music work to date) I wrote the music for a TV documentary, and asked these same performers to play it. The sonata was based on this film music. I have also written a suite for Elisa Järvi's quarter-tone keyboard, also in 22-EDO (not premiered yet but it's being recorded by her).

The appeal of 22-equal for me:

- improved 5-limit harmony from 12-EDO
- enables 7- and 11-limit harmony (and is consistent in the 11(-odd-)limit)

- not a meantone temperament, so it forces us into different chord progressions and out of habits

- tempers out commas such as 64:63 (Archy!) and 250:243 (Porcupine!), and this results in novel, fascinating combinations of intervals and chords. 7-limit or 11-limit harmony is mixed in with 5-limit and 7 and 11 are always close at hand (low complexity).

I like to write tonal music using, not only higher-limit or overtone chords and such but also familiar, consonant chords such as triads, and 22-EDO lets me do this in a way that sounds fresh and inspiring to me.

- 24-EDO does not behave like this at all even if the melodic steps are almost of the same size. It has none of the features listed above.

But I like quarter-tones. I like using microintervals in melodies, and as voice-leading intervals - such as in a favorite of mine, a chord progression with 36:35 in the voice leading. But the diesis in 31-EDO is a bit too narrow; often it's not clear enough. Quarter-tones are clearer and more singable, and the slightly wide quartertones of 22-EDO even more so.

- The neutral tone of three steps ("lesser whole tone", Porcupine generator, $\sim 10/9 = \sim 11/10$) is interesting melodically and adds some Middle-Eastern flavor. Splittig the fourth into three equal parts (Porcupine again) is a delight.

 - 22-EDO is practical enough for performers - not too many notes, notation is not too complicated (it can even be notated enharmonically without any microtonal accidentals which is useful for keyboards such as Lumatone), it works very well on two-manual keyboards such as harpsichord (used in the film music I mentioned) or Elisa Järvi's quarter-tone keyboard. Fits on one MIDI channel (almost 6 octaves) so it's synthesizer/software-friendly.

- as we have learned in Gradus: supports many excellent temperaments and has numerous interesting MOS scales

H.-G. Lock: What experiences did you have with it during the Gradus ad Parnassum online training and the PNP2023 festival? What influence do our collaborations have on your further compositional work?

J. Nuorvala: It is extremely valuable and important to learn to sing the intervals of a non-standard tuning system (and great fun). We learned to read the notation, and we learned the characteristic intervals. MOS scales are very useful, beautiful musical resources but they're also excellent pedagogical tools, as the number of pitches, intervals and step sizes is restricted, and they teach us the characteristic intervals and melodic patterns.

In our solfège sessions we learned what is difficult to sing, intone or read and what is less so, and we learned something about how the music can be written so as to help and support the singers. As a composer of music for others to play or sing, this is great preparation for helping and coaching the musicians in the tuning system and its notation. And if I am able to sing from the notation myself, I can expect professional musicians to find the pitches, too.

In addition to all of the above, the Pärnu symposium was a wonderful get-together of microtonal musicians, and there was a lot of inventive and varied music. It led or will lead to further collaborations, amongst others with the double bass and violone player Lassi Kari.

Concentrating on a single tuning system was a great idea, particularly as 22-EDO is in many ways new and unusual but gaining popularity; it's not too weird or idiosyncratic, or complex, and it's open to all styles of music. And it's practical in the many ways I explained in my first answer.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!!!



Juhani Nuorvala. L'homme armé (in Porcupine) for 22-EDO ensemble

Online Resources

Estonian Arnold Schoenberg Society: www.schoenberg.ee Youtube channel

PNP2021 festival PNP2022 festival PNP2023 festival

Gradus ad Parnassum page Gradus ad Parnassum materials CODEX PÆRNUENSIS

PNP2023 22-EDO exercises for string instruments PNP2023 22-EDO works for flute, guitar and double bass PNP2023 22-EDO works for workshop